

Stoney Point Cemetery Map Explanation



Old Area

The Old Area consists of **Rows 1-38** and **Lots** (individual markers) that run from left to right.

Rows usually begin on the left side of the main road, but not always. Sometimes a row begins partway in the middle. Rows are not exactly straight and sometimes contain more lots than others.

The earliest grave in the cemetery is that of W. M. Wilson's infant son who died in 1880. Other graves include those of pioneer settlers and leaders of the church and community



Middle Area

The Middle Area consists of **Plots, Lots, and Sections.**

Plots are groupings of **12 Lots**. Most plots only contain a few people, and some none at all as far, as we know. Of course, there may be some occupants without headstones.

Plots are like row numbers and are numbered this way:

7	8	9	10	11	12
6	5	4	3	2	1

Sections are groupings of Plots. Sections are labeled as MA through ML. The M represents Middle Area, so basically the sections are labeled A-L. The Old Area interrupts the Middle Area, so most graves in the Middle Area are in Sections MG-ML.

Plots can be thought of as row numbers. They run from the front gate to the very back of the cemetery where no one has been buried yet. Only a few people have been buried past the last road. One tricky part about plots is that plots typically contain 12 lots, with the exception of Plots 1, 2, and 3, which only have 6 lots.



New Area

The New Area is located at the left of the leftmost road, so far. Like the Middle Area, the New Area consists of Sections, Plots, and Lots. As with the Middle Area, the New Area begins with Section A at the rightmost, next to the road. Sections B, C, D, and so forth then go out to the left.

Metal markers were placed in the ground to identify plots but have been buried during the mowing so you need a metal detector is needed to locate them.